

Letter to New York
Re: Charles "Lucky" Luciano

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b7D

This letterhead memorandum should be prepared to reach the Bureau for forwarding to [REDACTED], by September 28, 1965.

b7D

FBI

Date: 9/28/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: ^{b7D} DIRECTOR, FBI (92-3267)
FROM: ^{b7D} SAC, NEW YORK (92-1266) (c)
SUBJECT: CHARLES "LUCKY" LUCIANO aka
Salvatore Lucania (TN)
AR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/10/82 BY sp [redacted] b7c

ReBulet to NY, 9/17/65.

Enclosed for the information of the [redacted] b7D
is an original and 5 copies of a LHM concerning CHARLES
"LUCKY" LUCIANO, aka.

The information set forth in the enclosed memorandum
is written in a narrative style without specific documentation.
Should the necessity arise as to the source of any of the
information set out in the LHM, the NYO will furnish such
information on request.

ENCLOSURE

REC-6 39-2141-218
92-3267-187

3 - Bureau (92-3267) (Encls. 6)
1 - New York (92-1266)

25 SEP 29 1965

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Approved: [redacted] Special Agent in Charge
OCT 19 1965

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
September 27, 1965

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/10/82 BY sp8 [redacted]

Charles "Lucky" Luciano,
Also Known As
Salvatore Luciana (True Name)

Charles "Lucky" Luciano, whose true name is
Salvatore Luciana, was born in Italy on November 11, 1897.
He emigrated with his parents to the United States in 1905.
He was given the name of "Lucky" as a result of having
survived a gangland "ride" to Staten Island, New York, on
the night of October 16, 1929.

b7D

[Large redacted block]

[Redacted line]

[Redacted line]

92-3267-189
This document contains neither recommendations nor
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the
FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents
are not to be distributed outside your agency.

34-2141-

ENCLOSURE

Charles "Lucky" Luciano

b7D

[REDACTED]

In June, 1936, Luciano was convicted in New York State Court on 62 of 90 counts charging compulsory prostitution. He was sentenced to 30 to 50 years imprisonment. On February 8, 1943, an application was filed asking for the suspension of two 15 year sentences still remaining to be served by Luciano. The application for suspension of the remaining sentences was filed with the allegation that Luciano had furnished valuable information to the United States Navy during World War II.

On January 3, 1946, Luciano was paroled by then Governor Thomas E. Dewey of New York State on the condition that he be deported to his native Italy.

On February 2, 1946, Luciano was removed to Ellis Island, New York, by Immigration and Naturalization Service officials to await his deportation. Luciano was placed aboard the "SS Laura Keane" on the afternoon of February 8, 1946, for his journey back to Italy.

Concerning Luciano's alleged assistance to the United States Government during World War II, investigation reflected that a letter had been written by one Charles Radcliffe Haffenden to Charles Breitell, Counsel for Governor Thomas E. Dewey. Haffenden was a Commander in the United States Navy stationed in New York City at the time when Luciano allegedly furnished assistance to the Navy. Haffenden had written the letter to Albany at the request of Moses Polakoff, Luciano's attorney. Haffenden alleged in his letter that Luciano, through Polakoff, had made available for interview by the Office of Naval Intelligence a number of individuals who furnished information assisting in the invasion of Sicily and Italy. Haffenden, when questioned as

Charles "Lucky" Luciano


to specific information furnished by these individuals, was vague as to details and Naval Intelligence files did not reflect specific information substantiating Haffenden's claims of assistance by Luciano.

It is further noted that during the period Luciano was detained at Ellis Island, New York, awaiting deportation, he was visited by two of his friends, Meyer Lansky and Frank Costello.

Meyer Lansky has been identified as a long-time associate and companion of Luciano and is reported to be one of the most wealthy gamblers in the United States today. Sources have advised that it was Luciano who made it possible for Lansky to amass his fortune. It is also noted that Lansky visited Luciano frequently during his incarceration in the New York State prison system. Lansky has also been reported as one of the major figures controlling gambling in Cuba prior to the Castro regime and it was in Cuba that Luciano and Lansky met again in 1947.

After Vito Genovese had fled to Italy in 1936 and Luciano was deported to Italy, Frank Costello became the "boss" of the "La Cosa Nostra" "family" formerly headed by Luciano. Costello had admitted in testimony before the Senate Subcommittee on Organized Crime that he had met Luciano in the lobby of a hotel in Havana, Cuba in 1947.

b7D



In February, 1947 Luciano traveled to Havana, Cuba where he allegedly associated with such former companions as

Meyer Lansky and Frank Costello at the gambling casinos.

During his residence in Italy, Luciano was known to have been visited by the following individuals who have been identified as members of "La Cosa Nostra":

Pasquale Eboli, who has been identified as a "caporegima" in the Genovese "family" of "La Cosa Nostra", visited Luciano in March or April, 1960. He has been identified as a frequent visitor at the home of Luciano in Naples, Italy.

On January 26, 1962, Luciano died of a heart attack while waiting to meet one Martin Arnold Gosch at the Naples, Italy, airport. Gosch has been described as a movie producer and was negotiating to produce a motion picture of Luciano's life at the time of Luciano's death in the Naples airport.

On January 27, 1962, Gosch met an individual in Naples who introduced himself as Vito Eboli. In subsequent conversation, Gosch learned that Eboli had recently journeyed to Italy to see Luciano. Eboli exhibited great concern as to whether Luciano had said anything between the time he suffered his heart attack and the time of his death. Gosch advised that he truthfully told Eboli that Luciano had said nothing. Eboli then endeavored to persuade Gosch to give him the movie script on the Luciano story. Gosch refused to do this.

Charles "Lucky" Luciano


It is noted Pasquale Eboli is the brother of Thomas Eboli, who has been identified as the "acting underboss" of the Genovese "family" in New York City. Thomas Eboli is also alleged to have visited Luciano on at least one occasion in Naples, Italy, in November, 1960.

Michele "Mike" Miranda, who has been identified as the "Consulieri" of the Genovese "family" of "La Cosa Nostra", traveled to Italy in 1950 and allegedly visited Luciano at this time.

On April 3, 1968, Joseph Profaci admitted during an Immigration and Naturalization Service examination that when he had come to the United States from Italy he visited "old Mr. Luciano", the father of "Lucky" Luciano. Profaci stated that Charles "Lucky" Luciano was then a young boy and denied that he had had any business or social connection with Luciano. Profaci, who is now deceased, has been identified as the "boss" of a "La Cosa Nostra" "family" in New York City.

In 1953, Vincent Rao, in an appearance before the New York State Crime Commission, testified that he was a personal friend of "Lucky" Luciano. Vincent Rao has been identified as a member and the "Consulieri" of the Luchese "family" in New York City.

b7D



Charles "Lucky" Luciano

Joseph Valachi advised [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Anthony "Sticco" has been identified as a "caporegima" in the Genovese "family" of "La Cosa Nostra" who is missing and presumed dead since 1962.

674 [REDACTED]

Police records reflect that the body of Eugene Giannini, Federal Bureau of Investigation number 154471, was found on September 20, 1952, in front of 221 East 107th Street, New York City, with two gunshot wounds in the back of the head.

XXXXXX
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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

5 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552Section 552a☒ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☒ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☒ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information:

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

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FBI/DOJ

February 23, 1966

Department of Justice
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Constitution Avenue and Tenth St. N. W.
Washington D. C.

Gentlemen:

I am writing to ask for your help in doing
some research into the life of Salvatore
"Lucky" Luciano.

b7c
[REDACTED]
I solicit your assistance for the available
public information on Luciano, the narcotics
trade, related subjects and material and other
sources of information that will make it
possible to give the public a comprehensive
picture of the narcotics trade and the men
who run it.

Gratefully and with every good wish.

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

b7c

16 MAR 8 1966

39-2141-220

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[REDACTED]

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CORRESPONDENCE

March 2, 1966

REC-13

39-2141-220

[REDACTED]

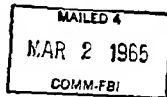
Dear [REDACTED]

Your letter of February 23rd has been received.

Although I would like to be of assistance, the FBI has no material available for distribution pertaining to the individual you mentioned. Since investigation of Federal narcotics violations comes within the scope of another governmental agency, I am referring a copy of your communication to the Commissioner, Bureau of Narcotics, United States Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., for any information he may be able to furnish you.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover



[REDACTED] b7c

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent. A copy of the incoming is being referred to the Bureau of Narcotics by form.

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Wick
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/19/92 BY [REDACTED]

54 MAR 10 1966

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☒ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☒ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

- ☐ For your information:

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

39-2141-221, 222, 223

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FBI/DOJ

September 4, 1970

Dear [REDACTED] b7c

The letter addressed to Lucky Luciano which you sent to our New York Office was referred to FBI Headquarters and received on September 2nd. Inasmuch as Luciano died in Italy on January 26, 1962, your letter is being returned to you herewith.

Sincerely yours,

Helen W. Gandy

Helen W. Gandy
Secretary

MAILED 22
SEP 4 1970
COMM-FBI

Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/10/92 BY SP [REDACTED]

EX-109

REC-22

39-2141-224

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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Routing Slip
FD-4 (Rev. 12-22-69)

Date 8/31/70

To: XX Director

Att: CRIME RESEARCH

FILE

Title

☐ SAC

☐ ASAC

☐ Supv.

☐ Agent

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ACTION DES

☐ Acknowledge

☐ Assign Reassign

☐ Bring file

☐ Call me

☐ Correct

☐ Deadline

☐ Deadline passed

☐ Delinquent

☐ Discontinue

☐ Expedite

☐ File

☐ For information

☐ Handle

☐ Initial & return

☐ Leads need attention

☐ Return with explanation of notation as to action taken.

☐ Open Ca

☐ Prepare le

☐ Prepare tickler

☐ Return assignment card

☐ Return file

☐ Search and return

☐ See me

☐ Serial #

☐ Past ☐ Recharge ☐ Return

☐ Send to

☐ Submit new charge out

☐ Submit report by

☐ Type

The attached 3 letters are forwarded to the Bureau as they originated outside the US. They are forwarded for appropriate handling.

SAC JOHN F. MALONE

New York

See reverse side

GPO : 1971 O-771-017

34-2111-2241

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : [REDACTED]

DATE: 7-18-74

FROM : Legal Counsel *b7c*

SUBJECT: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST CONCERNING
ALBERT ANASTASIA; VITO GENOVESE; NICOLA
GENTILE; CHARLES "LUCKY" LUCIANO, AKA;;
SALVATORE MARANZANO

We propose furnishing the attached documents, including reports and public source material, concerning the following subjects to Alan Block, a historian at Alfred Univeristy, Alfred, New York:

Albert Anastasia (62-98011; 92-2573;
92-2567)
Vito Genovese (92-3759; 92-2709)
Nicola Gentile (92-7035)
Charles "Lucky" Luciano (39-2141;
31-44520; *b7c*)

Names and identifying information on all individuals and businesses, other than subjects, have been deleted except in public source data.

No pertinent identifiable data was located concerning Salvatore Maranzano.

This request was initially coordinated with the Special Investigative Division.

Mr. Block has submitted the necessary deposit.

RECOMMENDATION:

That upon approval, the attached documents be returned to the Freedom of Information Act Unit, Legal Counsel, for completion of processing and transmittal to Block.

Enclosures

- b7c*
- 1 - [REDACTED]
 - 1 - Mr. Mintz
 - 1 - Bufile 62-115530 (RM - REPLIES)

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Director Sec'y _____

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Director's Sec'y

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RECEIVED
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OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

PARIS 182-23
DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE 182-17

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DATE 11/10/82 BY 67C

CLASSIFIED

ATTENTION

ASSISTANT SECTION CHIEF

DIVISION

REQUEST FOR FBI PARTICIPATION ON FRENCH TV BROADCAST, JULY 24, 1979,
PARIS, FRANCE.

PARIS RECEIVED TELEPHONIC REQUEST FOR AGENT PARTICIPATION
IN TV DISCUSSION AFTER VIEWING OF FILM ON LIFE OF LUCKY LUCIANO.

DURING PROGRAM ENTITLED, "DOSSIERS DE L'ECRAN," 8:30 P.M.,
JULY 24, 1979. PROGRAM IS PRESENTED WEEKLY AND DEPENDING UPON
SUBJECT MATTER, PANEL OF EXPERTS IS CHOSEN. LAST WEEK'S PROGRAM
FEATURED ASTRONAUT NEIL ARMSTRONG.

QUESTIONS ARE OPEN TO TELEVISION AUDIENCE FOR PHONE IN.
MOST OF DISCUSSION IS EXPECTED TO CENTER AROUND MAFIA IN THE
1950'S AND EARLIER, FEATURING LUCIANO'S ROLE IN U. S. FORCES
LANDING IN ITALY DURING WORLD WAR II.

NOT RECORDED
24 AUG 3 1979

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PAGE TWO PAR 62-DUNCLAS C I D

PRODUCER AWARE OF RESTRICTIONS ON DISCUSSION OF CURRENT
ACTIVITIES, PERSONALITIES AND INVESTIGATIONS. NOTE, HOWEVER,
SOME QUESTIONS, NO DOUBT, WILL CONCERN GALLANT'S WILLING AND
CURRENT IMPACT ON US.

ALL TRAVEL AND EXPENSES IN PARIS TO BE PROVIDED BY THE FRENCH.
ANOTHER PANELIST TO BE PROFESSOR FRANCIS J. BIRD, COLUMBIA
UNIVERSITY.

LEGAT EFFECTIVENESS VIS-A-VIS THE FRENCH WILL NOT BE HINDERED
BY A REFUSAL TO PARTICIPATE.

REUCAB AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

BT

NY 886 NY CODE

245PM URGENT 03/17/75 GMD

TO DIRECTOR
FROM NEW YORK
ATTN: SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE DIV

ARTICLE IN "NEW YORK TIMES", ISSUE OF MARCH 14, 1975,
CAPTIONED "FBI TELLS AGENTS NOT TO TRUST BOOK ON LUCIANO"

THIS ARTICLE BY NICHOLAS GAGE IS AN APPARENT EFFORT BY
GAGE TO LEAD AUTHORITY TO A PREVIOUS ARTICLE THAT HE WROTE
SEVERAL WEEKS AGO FOR THE "NEW YORK TIMES" IN WHICH HE
DISCOUNTED INFORMATION APPEARING IN "THE LAST TESTAMENT OF
LUCKY LUCIANO."

INQUIRY AMONG PERSONNEL HAVING READY ACCESS TO THE
CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE DIGEST OF JANUARY TWENTY ONE LAST, CONCERNING
THIS BOOK HAS FAILED TO DISCLOSE ANY INFORMATION TO THE EFFECT
THAT THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT WERE MADE AVAILABLE TO
NICHOLAS GAGE.

APPROPRIATE PERSONNEL HAVE BEEN REMINDED OF THE IMPORTANCE
OF PROPER HANDLING OF SENSITIVE INTERNAL DATA AND CAUTIONED AGAINST
ANY UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURES IN DEALING WITH THE NEWS MEDIA.

END

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Original Filed in 911

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 Director's Sec'y _____

F.B.I. Tells Agents Not to Trust Book on Luciano

By NICHOLAS GAGE

WASHINGTON—The Federal Bureau of Investigation has advised its heads of organized crime units throughout the country to discount information about the Mafia contained in "The Last Testament of Lucky Luciano," a new book on the late Mafia boss.

The book, which was published by Little, Brown & Co. last month, purports to be the life of Luciano as "dictated" by him to Martin A. Gosch, a movie producer who died in 1972. It was written by Richard Hammer in collaboration with Mr. Gosch.

The FBI has sent an advisory memorandum to heads of organized crime units saying that "passages [in the book] dealing with Luciano's life and early La Cosa Nostra history appear to have been extracted from street gossip and from spurious books and Congressional hearings."

The memorandum said the FBI had reached this assessment of the book after a study of it. A source said that information in the book had been compared with the FBI's own records.

The memorandum notes the published comments of Mr. Hammer that he was convinced

that Luciano had dictated his life to Mr. Gosch by the "internal evidence" of notes made by Mr. Gosch of the purported conversations.

"If so," the bureau memorandum said, "he [Mr. Hammer] apparently overlooked even stronger evidence indicating that the whole thing might be a complete fraud."

According to the memorandum, Mr. Gosch told the United States legal attaché in Madrid in 1962 that a movie script the producer had prepared on Luciano's life had been "made up out of whole cloth." A legal attaché is an FBI agent serving

overseas as liaison with local law-enforcement agencies.

It said also that in 1972 Mr. Gosch went to the FBI office in New York seeking the bureau's assistance in preparing his book and was turned down.

George Hall, vice president of Little, Brown, said the company would have no comment on the memorandum.

Last December, an article in The New York Times said that an examination of the book's background and its contents had produced information that brought into question the publisher's claim that the book was "dictated" by Luciano.

Any idea what to do with this?

LUCKY LUCIANO

67c

For Washington Post
 Washington Star-News
 Daily News (New York)
 The New York Times
 The Wall Street Journal
 The National Observer
 The Los Angeles Times

Date MAR 14 1975

39-2141-

NOT RECORDED
 136 APR 11 1975

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 11/10/82 BY SP

57 APR 14 1975

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Cleveland *ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11/10/82 BY SP-6 [REDACTED] b7c*

FROM : [REDACTED]

SUBJECT: THE LAST TESTAMENT OF LUCKY LUCIANO
BY MARTIN A. GOSCH AND RICHARD HAMMER
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
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Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

On 9/25/74, "The Washington Post" contained a full-page advertisement for the above-captioned book, which purports to be the long-hidden memoirs of deceased mob leader "Lucky" Luciano and which is currently being serialized in "Penthouse" magazine. As an attention getter, the advertisement carried a two-inch banner headline reading "THE REAL GODFATHER TALKS" and followed this with a photographic pyramid of hoodlum, political, and Government leaders (including the late FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover) all connected by lines to a large picture of Luciano at the top.

Apparent Fraud

Since the book is not due to be published until later this year, the Special Investigative Division obtained the first two installments of the summary from "Penthouse" magazine and, after subjecting them to an exhaustive analysis has come to the conclusion that the book is a complete fraud, along the lines of Clifford Irving's alleged memoirs of Howard Hughes, except that Hughes was still alive to deny the latter, whereas Luciano has been dead for more than 12 years.

According to the editors of "Penthouse," Martin Gosch (a former television and movie script writer) first met Luciano during the early 1960's while working on an aborted film of the gangster's life and subsequently spent a year taping Luciano's personal reminiscences on the condition that he would not publish them until the latter had been dead for ten years. Since Luciano died in 1962, the editors claim that Gosch kept his word--despite the efforts of "the government, the police, the mob, and other private interests...to get the tapes--and waited until 1972 to join forces with former "New York Times" reporter Richard Hammer to edit and publish his secret manuscript.

1 - Mr. McDermott
1 - Mr. Cleveland

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]

REC-26

39-2141-225
CONTINUED - OVER

b7c

Memorandum to Mr. Cleveland
Re: The Last Testament of Lucky Luciano

Discrepancies Noted

Obviously, if such a manuscript were valid, it would be of considerable value to law enforcement, but there are many instances of internal evidence to indicate that Gosch probably resurrected a few random quotes gathered during interviews with Luciano and then put them together with an old movie script of his and some recent research to produce a book that would capitalize upon the current public interest in the subject of organized crime.

Timewise, for example, 1961 (the year the taping allegedly started) was two years prior to the testimony of Mafia member Joe Valachi before the McClellan Committee, and there is nothing in Luciano's previous history to indicate that he would be willing to break the Mafia's infamous code of omerta (or silence) and follow in Valachi's footsteps, even ten years after his death.

Secondly, if the underworld did know of the existence of actual Luciano tapes, as the publishers claim, it is inconceivable that Gosch would still be alive today to tell the tale.

Thirdly, the book contains a number of small--but crucial--errors which it is difficult to imagine someone as knowledgeable as Luciano making. Part II, for example, states that after the death of Salvatore Maranzano, Luciano created a new underworld "set-up" which he designated the "Unione Siciliano" at the suggestion of Meyer Lansky. As a matter of fact, the Mafia had long been known in public by this name, and most of the information gathered to date by the Bureau indicates that the title was probably dropped by Luciano when he created the concept of the La Cosa Nostra ruling Commission in 1931.

Reputation Matches Movie

With respect to Gosch's personal veracity, Bureau files reveal that he was described in 1962 by the Chief of the United States Narcotics Bureau in Rome as being completely untrustworthy, a liar, and an opportunist who was trying to take advantage of his association with Luciano to produce a movie about the dead mobster. Also in 1962, Gosch told the Bureau's Legal Attache in Madrid that his movie script about Luciano had been largely "made up out of the whole cloth" and bore little resemblance to anything that had actually

Memorandum to Mr. Cleveland
Re: The Last Testament of Lucky Luciano

occurred. In 1972, Gosch appeared at FBIHQ and unsuccessfully attempted to secure our help in converting the script (which he said had had Luciano's approval) into book form. He said that he had a former "New York Times" reporter named Richard Hammer assisting him and that they had been granted access to the files of the New York City Police Department. According to the "Penthouse" editors, Gosch died in 1973.

As regards Hammer, Bureau files show only that he is a successful author and reporter who may, or may not, be aware of the fraudulent nature of Gosch's manuscript.

Old History Rehashed

An in-depth analysis of captioned book indicates that the material contained therein consists of old information gleaned from the hearings of the McClellan Committee and other Congressional groups, plus a number of unverified allegations to the effect that Luciano dabbled in the political campaign of Al Smith and Franklin D. Roosevelt, paid \$90,000 into Tom Dewey's gubernatorial coffers, and once turned down a \$5,000 offer from Director Hoover if he would tell the FBI where Louis Lepke Buchalter was hiding. For these reasons, and the description of how it came to be written in the first place, it is not believed that this book has any value to the FBI, or to anyone else for that matter.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.



Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Room 1405
370 Lexington Avenue
New York, N. Y.

January 17, 1936.

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Pennsylvania Avenue at 9th St., N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

There are transmitted herewith, for the Bureau's information, copies of memorandum dated January 15, 1936, prepared by Special Agent [redacted] concerning his interview with one [redacted] who professes to have information regarding shipment of arms and ammunition to Peru, South America. [redacted] entire story is highly improbable and sounds like a fabrication, and it seems that he is primarily interested in securing compensation for services which he desires to render to the Bureau as an informant.

In view of the nature of the information furnished, no further action is being taken by the New York Office in the absence of instructions.

Very truly yours,

R. Whitley
R. WHITLEY
Special Agent in Charge

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K

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&
INDEXED

JAN 20 1936

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54-404-1
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JAN 18 1936
FILE

b7c

b7c

54-404

10 pages

January 15, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

[redacted] communicated with the Special Agent in Charge by telephone on January 13, 1936, and stated that he had information regarding shipments of arms to foreign countries. He was interviewed by the writer by appointment at this office. [redacted] stated that he resides with his parents at the address given. They have no telephone, but he can be reached by calling [redacted] which is the telephone of one of their next-door neighbors. He can also be reached occasionally at his brother's home, telephone, [redacted] [redacted] is at the present time unemployed. About two years ago he was [redacted] which, he stated, is at the corner of [redacted] Since then he has had no regular employment. He gets occasional work as a salesman in stores on Saturdays.

b7c

[redacted] story is that about one month ago he went to call on a friend named [redacted] whom he had known for several years, and whom he had just met again on the street in this city. They went to [redacted] while there he met a man named [redacted] who, when [redacted] was leaving, asked him to wait downstairs for him. [redacted] waited and [redacted] came down and joined him and told him that he, [redacted] wanted to get some rifles and sub-machine guns. First he mentioned 5,000 rifles, then he jumped the figure to 10,000. As to the machine guns, [redacted] said they wanted to get as many as was possible. The rifles were to be anything but Krags. The machine guns were to be of the type that are without tripods, such as Brownings or Thompson sub-machine guns. In time, [redacted] learned from this [redacted] that there was to be a revolution in [redacted] within the next few months and these weapons were for the use of the rebels. The revolution is described as being a popular one, having for its purpose the elimination of the Grace Line from the Republic. [redacted] figured that the reason they selected him was that they knew that he had been active as the [redacted] in what he describes as the worst crime section in the city. [redacted] says he talked with [redacted]

EW

54-464-1

and another fellow called [redacted] is supposed to be one of Charles Luciano's lieutenants. All of the men he refers to above are Italians. [redacted] is an Irish-American, about 35 to 40 years of age, 5' 10" tall, weighing from 180 to 190 pounds, with a dark complexion and black hair.

[redacted] and his associates said they could get him a large quantity of Urges Automatic pistols. [redacted] showed [redacted] one of these automatic pistols, which is, so he states, a very neat and effective-looking .25 calibre weapon. The discussion finally got to the point where [redacted] and his associates are to supply 60 pistols weekly from the start of the contract until the advent of the revolution, whether that be in August, September or October, or whenever it might occur. The pistols were to cost \$25.00 each for the new ones, and \$20.00 each for the used ones. The new ones would really cost about \$15.00 and the difference, \$10.00, would be split four ways, one quarter to [redacted] and one to each of the other three men in the delivery of the weapons. The guns are reported to be somewhere in the Catskill Mountains, but where, [redacted] could not learn.

b7c

The entire transaction, as well as the rifle transaction referred to hereafter, is being financed by a Wall Street firm, name unknown to [redacted]. However, he states that he questioned the ability of [redacted] to pay for the quantity of weapons being solicited. [redacted] story here sounds most improbable. He states that [redacted] was accompanied by two Peruvians, one of them an [redacted] named [redacted] (not known whether this was his first or last name) and another man, who were supposed to be from the revolutionary organization, and that they had with them a suitcase containing an enormous amount of money, which they showed to [redacted] and [redacted] and said the suitcase contained some \$400,000.00. This money was in bills ranging from twenty to one hundred dollars each.

The hitch in the transaction is that the prospective purchasers will not pay the price asked. [redacted] said that he can cooperate with us, but to do so it will be necessary for the Government to put up the money to pay the difference between the price asked and the price to be paid, so that the transaction would go through and the parties involved trapped, either the purchasers or the sellers, or both. If [redacted] wants to get in touch with [redacted]

1-15-36.

to tell him the deal is on, he is to insert in the "World-Telegram" an advertisement reading in substance, "Rose come home, all is forgiven".

The more interesting parts of the story told by [redacted] were that the rifle deal had not gone through here because [redacted] had landed the order and had put the guns, some ten thousand of them, into Peru, landing them somewhere in the northern part of the country. The ship which took them was loaded off-shore through the medium of speedboats. He also told about a man who ^{was} approached before he, [redacted] was approached. He describes this man as a one-armed gunsmith who is located on [redacted] states that he would have gone through with the deal himself if he could have done so, but the question of price has stopped the deal. He says he would not have come near the Bureau about the matter if he could have handled it successfully; further, that we would have had nothing on him as the payoff would have been handled so as to make it appear that some indebtedness was being paid. The delivery of the weapons would be at some other point. He states that his only interest at this time is to get either financial compensation from the Bureau direct or else have the Bureau put up money to put the thing over and, in that manner, he would get his commission and the Bureau would catch the conspirators.

b7c

[redacted] is reported to be employed by some steel company. The Victoria Hotel is understood to be a racket hotel. [redacted] whole demeanor was not very convincing. Once or twice I thought I had caught him in a contradiction, but he immediately corrected himself. [redacted] was informed that I could make no decision on the matter and that it would have to be submitted to the Special Agent in Charge for some further instructions.

Respectfully submitted,

[redacted]
Special Agent.

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Room 1405
370 Lexington Avenue
New York, N. Y.

January 21, 1936.

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Pennsylvania Avenue at 9th St., N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

On January 20, 1936, [REDACTED] telephoned and stated that his representative working in Miami, Florida, has located a party in Miami who is supposed to be very closely affiliated with Charles "Lucky" Luciano, notorious New York racketeer; that this party is presently using the name Sam Granico, alias Vachis, and that his correct name is supposed to be Sangiacomo. [REDACTED] suggested that the Bureau might be interested in this party or might possibly desire his apprehension, and that in this event his representative could furnish information regarding him and advice concerning his whereabouts.

An examination of the New York index fails to reflect any information under the above given names, and the information is being furnished to the Bureau for such action as might be deemed appropriate.

Very truly yours,

R. WHITLEY
Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED

&

INDEXED

FEB 5 1936

[REDACTED] b7c
64-404-2

February 1, 1936.

Special Agent in Charge,
New York, New York.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter of January 31, 1936,
wherein you advise that [REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] telephoned your office and stated that his
representative in Miami, Florida, has located a party in Miami
who is supposed to be very closely associated with Charles "Lucky"
Luciano; that this party is presently using the name Sam Gramico,
alias Yockie, and that his correct name is supposed to be
Sangiaccino.

In reply to the inquiry contained in your letter, you
are advised that on the basis of the information furnished it has
not been possible to identify in the Bureau's files any subject
by the names given in your letter as being wanted. There are
enclosed herewith transcripts of the criminal records of the
following subjects, one of whom may possibly be identical with
the subject mentioned in your communication:

[REDACTED] b7c
Sabatino Sangiacomo, FBI-304501

As of possible interest to you in connection with
this case, there is enclosed also a transcript of the criminal
record of Charles "Lucky" Luciano, who is probably identical
with the Charles "Lucky" Luciano mentioned in your letter.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

Enclosure 3515907

276

[REDACTED] b7c

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552Section 552a☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☒ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☐ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☒ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☒ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

☐ For your information: _____

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

54-404-2 Enclosure 1, + 2

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X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

January 28, 1936

The following is a transcript of the record, including the most recently reported data, as shown in the files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation concerning our number

171-204391

J. E. Hoover

J. E. HOOVER, Director.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
3, Rochester, N. Y.	Sabatino Sangiacomo, 1-5-29 alias Sabatino Sangiacomo, 17850		assault 1st deg.	
Auburn Prison, Auburn, N. Y.	Sabatino Sangiacomo, alias Sabatino Sangiacomo, 43117	2-26-29	assault 1st deg.	7 yrs. and 6 mos. to 15 yrs.
<p>The following is the description of the above individual appearing on print 43117, Auburn Prison, Auburn, N. Y.:</p> <p>Color, white; date of birth, 1891; birthplace, Celano, Italy; age, 45 years; height, 5 feet, 7 inches; weight, 172 pounds; build, stocky; occupation, laborer; complexion, medium; eyes, light slate; hair, medium chestnut. Scars and marks: 2 large vaccinations upper arm.</p>				

* Keynotes: identifications unsupported by fingerprints.

For completion of our records, please supply dispositions to this Bureau in any of the foregoing cases where they do not appear.

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

January 29, 1936

The following is a transcript of the record, including the most recently reported data, as shown in the files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation concerning our number

FBI-62920

J. E. HOOVER, Director

Contributor of Fingerprints	Name and Number	Arrested or Received	Charge	Disposition
PD, Jersey City, N. J.	Charles Lucania, #B-135 alias Charlie Lucania	12/15/21	C. W. - (32 cal. revolver)	*disch. 12/22/21
PD, NYC, NY.	Charles Lucania, #B-7232L alias Charlie Luckey	11/17/23	assault and robbery - (gun)	11/23/23, disch.
PD, NYC, NY.	Charles Lucania, #B-7232L	10/17/29	C. L.	10/29/29, disch.
SO, Miami, Fla.	Chas. Lucania, #4615, alias Charlie Lucania	2/23/30	operating gamb. game - C. C. W. - vag.	\$1000. - paid 3/7/30
PD, NYC, NY.	Charles Lucania, #B-7232L alias Charley Lucky	2/2/31	fel. assault	2/4/31, disch.
PD, Cleveland, Ohio.	Chas. Lucania, #	7/4/31	inv.	
PD, Miami Beach, Fla.	Charles Lucania, #854, alias Charlie Lucania	12/28/35	criminal registration - (registered voluntarily)	released
*	6/27/16, as Charles Lucania, NYC, drugs; indef. Pen.			
*	6/5/23, as Charles Lucania, NYC, Harrison Act; on 3/1/26, disch.			
*	7/27/26, as Charles Lucania, NYC, 1897, P. L.; on 7/27/26, disch.			

*Represents notations unsupported by fingerprints in FBI files.

For completion of our records, please supply dispositions in this Bureau in any of the foregoing cases where they do not appear

Page

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	12/25/26, as Charles Lucania, NYC, fel. assault; on 12/29/26, disch.			
	1927, 1897 P.I. (As on print #B-72321, PD, NYC, NY, rec. 11/23/26).			
	As Charles Lucania, (poss. ident), arr. 4/19/32, Chicago, Ill., inv.; disch., 4/21/32.			
	This individual is included in the blacklist issued by the Bureau of Narcotics, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.			
(CC-PD, Miami, Fla.) (CC-Bu. of Narc., Washington, D.C.)	This case is entered in the Single Fingerprint Section of this Bureau under #A-820.			
	<u>OUTSTANDING COUNTERS</u> (NEW YORK CITY)			
	#B-72321, CHARLES LUCIANA, aliases Charles Reed, "Lucky".			
	MODUS OPERANDI: Is a general gangster and racketeer - is boss of a lower East Side gang. Operates chiefly in beer and liquor. Has business connections with Lepke, Longie and the other bobs. Is usually in the company of Coppola, Deriso and Iandusco. Is apparently wealthy.			
	Inf. rec. Bu. Off., New York City, New York 1-10-31. Bu. File #62-29950-91.			
	The following is the description of the above individual appearing on print #B-72321, PD, New York City, N. Y. rec. 2-5-31:			
	Color, white; age, 34 years; height, 5 feet, 9 3/4 inches; weight, 152 pounds; build, medium; hair, black; eyes, brown; complexion, dark; birthplace, New York; occupation, chauffeur. Scars and marks: 3 inch scar under chin. Tattoo of sailor and heart on right arm.			

* Represents notations unsupported by fingerprints. in FBI files.

For completion of our records, please supply dispositions to this Bureau in any of the foregoing cases where they do not appear.

Charles Luciana. aka. "Lucky" Luciano

31-44320

Section 1

33 pages

The best copy obtainable is included in the reproduction of these documents. Pages included that are blurred, light, or otherwise difficult to read are the result of the condition of the original document. No better copy can be reproduced.

WCS:LL

July 13, 1936

Special Agent in Charge,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

The Bureau is in receipt of a communication from the Akron, Ohio, Branch Journal of July 12, 1936, indicating that "white" men engaged in an investigation at Akron, Ohio, of an alleged white slave ring headed by Charles "Doc" Henderson. You will recall that London Max Verner was arrested in the State Supreme Court, New York City, on charges of conspiracy, prostitution.

Please advise the Bureau immediately of any investigation being conducted by your office in Akron, Ohio, of white slave conditions which may be the basis of this article.

It is noted that the article makes frequent mention of the activities of the London Max Verner in Akron, Ohio, in connection with investigations by that unit, involving alleged graft on the part of local officials.

Very truly yours,

RECORDED & INDEXED

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED

JUL 14 1936

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

65-2977
N 31-46320-1
Director, July 16, 1936

Say Convicted New Yorker Led White Slave Ring Probed By H. S. Men

G. MEN IN INVESTIGATION

37 Suspects in Municipal Court. Of-
ficials Say Ring Operated in Albany
and Conspiracy

Albany, N. Y., June 22.—(AP)—The day began by Chief Magistrate
James J. Connelley presiding over the trial of 37 men charged with
operating a white slave ring in Albany and the surrounding area.
The men were charged with conspiracy to traffic in women and girls
for immoral purposes.

The men were charged with conspiracy to traffic in women and girls
for immoral purposes. The men were charged with conspiracy to traffic
in women and girls for immoral purposes. The men were charged with
conspiracy to traffic in women and girls for immoral purposes.

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for immoral purposes. The men were charged with conspiracy to traffic
in women and girls for immoral purposes. The men were charged with
conspiracy to traffic in women and girls for immoral purposes.

31-44320-1

Mr. Nathan	X
Mr. Egan	X
Mr. Thompson	X
Mr. Clegg	X
Mr. Glavin	X
Mr. Ladd	X
Mr. Nichols	X
Mr. Rosen	X
Mr. Tracy	X
Mr. Carson	X
Mr. Coffey	X
Mr. Hendon	X
Mr. Jones	X
Mr. Quinn	X
Mr. Nease	X
Mr. Gurnea	X
Mr. Harbo	X
Mr. Mohr	X
Mr. Pennington	X
Mr. Tamm	X
Mr. E. A. Tamm	X
Miss Gandy	X



b7c

S. J.
Jewland
7/13/36

b7c

b7c



From a source close to the inquiry, however, came the revelation that investigators have uncovered a conspiracy among some of the white slave ring's henchmen to kill the black man.

The cleanup revealed for the first time that Ron Stone, former deputy sheriff who was an ex witness against ex-sheriff Felt and his fellow conspirators, has been working since the trial as a mental investigator.

Harold at the May who organ-
ized the movement organized in the
Federal grand jury to the Port-
land

Acting quickly upon the information that a police reward would be uncovered by the federal investigation, the police reward board was to meet today to review pending rules to bar officers claiming the anti-trust fund from the state.

Under the present ~~regulations~~ regulations in effect who has served at least 15 years and who is ~~discharged~~ discharged for cause is eligible to receive a pension.

The bills are to be changed to
provide any other means of
financing by common
law than those receiving a per-
centage of the value of the
property and to provide their costs
from the state treasury.

[illegible]

is now certain. They have
lost their way and in doing
so have lost their way of
thinking. They have lost
the way of thinking.

[illegible]

...one of the persons who
...for some time, a copy of the
...persons who were present at
...are present. The number of
...number of persons who
...stated that they had no direct
...action with the case, but
...in the wrong place at the

100-443887-100

.....

Abstract

[illegible]

62

AKRON TIMES PRESS 4/23/34

CHARGE 60 AKRON POLICE GOT VICE, BOOTLEG GRAFT

FEDERAL QUIZ FAILS TO SHUT SLAVE HOUSES

Hundreds Of Men In Ranks
Expert Tension Probe

SCHROY SAYS

U. S. PROSECUTOR
CLAIMS

AKRON, April 23.—(AP)—A federal grand jury today indicted 60 Akron police officers on charges of receiving bribes to look the other way in the operation of a large-scale vice and bootlegging racket in this city. The indictment, returned by the grand jury in the federal court here, charges that the officers, who are named in the indictment, have received bribes from the operators of the racket to permit them to continue their operations without interference from the police. The indictment also charges that the officers have conspired with the operators of the racket to defraud the government of its taxes on bootlegged liquor. The grand jury's action today marks the beginning of a long and bitter fight against the vice and bootlegging racket in Akron. The officers named in the indictment are from various parts of the city, and the racket is said to be one of the largest and most profitable in the country. The federal government has been trying for years to break up the racket, but it has always found it difficult to do so because of the close cooperation between the police and the racket operators. The indictment today is a major step in the government's effort to break up the racket, and it is expected that it will lead to the arrest of many more officers and racket operators in the coming months.

CHARGE 60 AKRON POLICE GOT VICE, BOOTLEG GRAFT. The indictment, returned by the grand jury in the federal court here, charges that the officers, who are named in the indictment, have received bribes from the operators of the racket to permit them to continue their operations without interference from the police. The indictment also charges that the officers have conspired with the operators of the racket to defraud the government of its taxes on bootlegged liquor. The grand jury's action today marks the beginning of a long and bitter fight against the vice and bootlegging racket in Akron. The officers named in the indictment are from various parts of the city, and the racket is said to be one of the largest and most profitable in the country. The federal government has been trying for years to break up the racket, but it has always found it difficult to do so because of the close cooperation between the police and the racket operators. The indictment today is a major step in the government's effort to break up the racket, and it is expected that it will lead to the arrest of many more officers and racket operators in the coming months.

b7c

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

1445 Standard Building
Cleveland, Ohio

July 22, 1936.

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Referring to Bureau letter dated July 15, 1936, making reference to an article appearing in the Masson Journal of Akron, dated June 27, 1936, concerning white slave conditions in Akron, Ohio, please be advised that on July 8, 1936, Special Agent S. M. Sirens submitted a report in the case entitled, [REDACTED] with aliases: [REDACTED] with alias, VICTIM: WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC ACT, covering investigation at Akron, Ohio.

Effort is also being made to develop a case at Akron, Ohio, on one Pete Alex, an operator of a number of houses of prostitution.

Very truly yours,

J. P. McGowan
J. P. McGowan
Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

21-44326-2
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 24 1936
FBI - CLEVELAND

69

Dear

b7c

Note the attached statement that Akron police officers have been coached for information by Federal agents and English rubrics provided. The dialogue is significant and graphic. But an Akron paper can list as well as others.

674

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31-44320-3

INDEX

JUL 20 1938

JUL 27 1955

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

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1

PLEASE RETURN TO
DIVISION OF
PRESS INTELLIGENCE
3551 Commerce Bldg.

NO.

SYMBOL

PAPER

CITY

DATE

REPORT POLICE OFFERED RAISE FOR 'TIP-OFFS'

At Least Two City Officers
'Propositioned' By Agents
With Promotions

ASKS EVIDENCE ON MATES

Carabine Denies Knowledge Of

Secret Conferences During

Law Investigation

Albany police officers have been offered promotions by Federal authorities in exchange for information about graft practices by brothers-in-law of Mayor James J. Carabine, it was reported today.

At least two Albany officers have been "propositioned" secretly by Federal agents seeking to uncover graft and corruption alleged to exist within Albany, the corruption of James Earl Ray, reports say.

The local and state police departments have been asked to provide information on the case of Ray.

Lawrence J. Carabine, Albany Police Commissioner, makes the officers and returned them to their homes. It was learned from Mr. Carabine, law enforcement assistant in charge of the investigation for the city, knowledge of the questioning. He said, however, he was not in contact with every move made by the Federal officers here.

Five alleged tip-off operations and at least one representative of the Department of Justice are working constantly in Albany, according to Mr. Carabine. He said they will be stationed in Albany until the "end of the year, at least."

Questioned Separately
According to well-informed sources the two officers who were treated with promises of promotions were taken to the airport rooms separately, without knowledge that the other officer was being questioned.

The type of question, at Albany, of one of the officers propositioned as follows:

Q—There are going to be a lot of promotions granted in the police department before this investigation is over. There will be room for a lot of promotions. Show you were recommended to go on an honor roll by Mr. Carabine. We want to see you make things. Show who was the party man while you were in the city again?

A—There was no party man that I know of.

Q—Come on now. How many do you think were in the squad?

A—I just made my salary.

Q—Think it over. There is no reason in the world why your children's car would be a piece of cake. Come on now, tell us a few things and we'll get that you are taken care of.

A—If I know anything I'd be glad to tell you.

Q—Well, you aren't going to get any place, unless you proposition. Come on now!

A—I don't know anything.

Q—Where's your car? Place down the two officers with you take it all back.

A—I don't see any policeman take any money.

Q—Well, you think it over. If you decide to "tip-off" I'll be glad to see what you have to say.

31-44320-3

v-21-34. b7c

672 *Edw. M. Mearns*
The Dept. of Interior
Washington D.C.

۱۲۰۰

Please Sir & Ladies Give to your
 Agency only the concrete facts & say
 of the Bureau Class. Operating here
 about no agents besides the highest key
 men who are by name & by description
 Perfect Chief in Private to send any and
 all Expenses & Payments & Request Returns
 in due order by authority of the
 Citizen House 7-8-9

Flanagan, H. C. (Chg) [Redacted] [Redacted]

9/18/36 b7c

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

SEP 9 1935

31-44320-4
AUG 31 1936

RECEIVED

The income of the League was estimated at \$1,000,000 per month in an organization in which approximately 2,500 practitioners were operating. This figure is an approximation that each practitioner earns \$4,000 a year. This figure may be correct in well organized and high priced houses, but I believe that on a national basis, it is too high and consequently, I have taken but half of this figure, namely, \$500,000, to represent the average income of such practitioners.

On this basis, the total income according to the 1938 returns is as indicated above, \$212,797,000.00. On the basis of the figures furnished by Hovey to the newspapers on his investigation, the total revenue each year would be \$445,573,000.00, or twice the totals which I have furnished.

[illegible]

RETURN

SEP 12 1932

31-44320-5

REC-103
SI-44320

November 25, 1934.

Special Agent in Charge.
Los Angeles, California.

RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECT;
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] b7c

Dear Sir:

The Bureau file in the above entitled case indicates that this case is not receiving prompt investigative attention in your district.

This matter should be placed in line for early investigative attention and you should submit a report to the Bureau at the earliest possible date.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

RECORDED

INDEXED

31-44320-6

NOV 27 1934

NOV 15 1934

b7c

W.S.T. Candidate, California

Federal Bureau of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Los Angeles, California

December 9, 1936

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;
Unknown Victims;

White Slave Traffic Act,
1, A. Vile 43-1347.

Dear Sir:-

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated September 8, 1936, which was forwarded to the complainant in this case. This is to advise that Special Agent [redacted] of this office has made two unsuccessful attempts to locate the informant for interview.

It was ascertained by Agent [redacted] that the address given the Bureau by [redacted] of the Western Auto Supply Company, [redacted] this concern was interviewed by Agent [redacted] and advised that there had been an elderly gentleman by the name of [redacted] about his place from time to time, and that he occasionally received mail there, but that he did not know his address and had no idea what business he was engaged in. Agent [redacted] left the telephone number of the Los Angeles Field Division with the manager of the Western Auto Supply Company at that address approximately four weeks ago, and to date no word has been received from him. A second attempt was also made to locate [redacted] at the above address without success.

The name of [redacted] was searched through the Los Angeles City and Telephone Directories with negative results.

In the absence of further advice from the Bureau, this case is being considered as closed in this office.

Very truly yours,

J. E. HANCOCK,

Special Agent in Charge.

31-44320-7

DEC 16 1936

DEC 16 1936

DEC 16 1936

Mancini Set Back In Albany Appeal

Albany, N.Y., Jan. 14 (AP) — Charles (Lucky) Luciano's sentence today will be kept in effect for a 30-to-60-year prison sentence for conviction on two charges in New York City in 1936 of racketeering and a second of forcing the Al Capone Sales Division, Chief Executive of the American Crime Syndicate, to pay \$100,000 to the government. Luciano's appeal in the 1936 conviction was rejected by the Second Circuit Court of Appeals in New York City. The court said the government had shown Luciano's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. The court also said the government had shown Luciano's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. The court also said the government had shown Luciano's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.

BROOKLYN DAILY EAGLE

Forwarded by New York Office

Mr. Nathan	_____
Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Carson	_____
Mr. Egan	_____
Mr. Gurnea	_____
Mr. Hendon	_____
Mr. Jones	_____
Mr. Quinn	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Mr. Gandy	_____

Handwritten: J

Handwritten: Fin

Handwritten: [Signature]

JAN 15 1937



b7c

31-44320-18

X

Akron, Ohio

Gen. Del.

Dec 20 1937


Mr. Edgar Hoover -

RECORDED & INDEXED Washington D. C.

Dear Sir: 44-20-8

In regards to

Houses that ^{DEAD} ²² ¹⁹³⁷
used for immoral
purposes. Will you
please give me ^{more}
information on what
steps I can take to
help clean these places
up. Every street nearly
in Akron has private
homes that are using
this means just for
the money. Under Mayor
67C

Lee D. Schroy's administration
it is a hard matter
to find a decent place
to rent here anymore
I am yours sincerely


b7c

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Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

January 4, 1938

[REDACTED] b7c
General Delivery,
Akron, Ohio.

Dear Mrs. Coff:

I am in receipt of your letter dated December 20, 1937, wherein you advise of vice conditions in Akron, Ohio.

Please be informed that the Federal Bureau of Investigation only has jurisdiction to investigate alleged violations of specific Federal Statutes. One of these statutes is the White Slave Traffic Act which prohibits the transportation of women or girls from one state to another for purposes of prostitution and other immoral purposes. Prostitution itself is a local matter falling within the investigative jurisdiction of the local police department.

In the event you have any information to indicate the interstate transportation of women for immoral purposes, please communicate directly with Mr. T. W. Stapleton, Special Agent in Charge, Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice, 1448 Standard Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

Very truly yours,

J. E. Hoover
John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

b3
4432062

Luciano, 5 Others Appeal Vice Case To Supreme Court

By the Associated Press
Charles (Lucky) Luciano and five others convicted two years ago of racketeering in New York, appeared before the Supreme Court yesterday in a last effort to escape serving long prison terms.
Luciano is serving a 30-year term in Clinton Prison, Dannemora, N. Y. The others, serving terms ranging from 15 to 25 years, are David Belton, Abraham Waldman, Thomas Shm. Abraham, James Frederick, and Joseph Lepore.
They declare the prosecution is join- ing the series of violations into one indictment was brought to avoid a threat because the crime charged were committed before enactment of the statute.
They also told the court that Du- rante, Attorney Thomas E. Dewey used perjured testimony. The con- viction was affirmed by the New York Court of Appeals.

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

3147
JUL 1935

LUCIANO VICE GANG APPEALS FOR FREEDOM

The underworld boss, sentenced to long prison terms for trafficking in women, yesterday asked the Supreme Court to pave the way to Vice freedom by ruling their constitutional rights were invaded.

Headed by Charles "Lucky" Luciano, deposed overlord of New York's vice racket, the group included David Reifel, Abraham Washman, Thomas "Boss" James Frederick and Ralph Liguori. Though Luciano is serving a sentence of 30 years, the others were sent to far shorter terms.

Conviction of the gang followed a spectacular trial presented by Thomas E. Dewey, then a special racket prosecutor and now district attorney of New York County. Dewey contended Lucianos reeled in a fortune of millions through white slave traffic.

Ground for the conviction was based the appeal, largely on the contention that Dewey had passed by the New York State legislature in 1934 and permitted Dewey to include a series of charges in a single indictment, a unconstitutional.

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

9-25-38

G-Men Seek To Link Akron Vice Lord To 'Slave' Ring

AN AKRON vice overlord, who screens his disorderly houses and taverns, it was disclosed Saturday night.

Department of justice men have been working quietly for three months to link the vice lord with a white slave ring operating in Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania.

Operations under the protection of a liquor or beer license with white slave posing as waitresses are proving a handicap to both federal and vice squad officers, however.

Two previous attempts by government investigators to end the vice lord's five-year reign in Akron have met defeat with the result that his chain of numerous disorderly houses is flourishing.

Indicted once by a federal grand jury in Cleveland, the vice lord was able to beat the charges. He received a deportation attempt by secretly producing naturalization papers.

Government action against the man now is hampered, it was learned, due to the fact that he apparently avoids prosecution under the Mann act by recruiting his waitresses from the ranks of "independents" in Akron.

Lure Customers

Federal action is possible only if the man imports his girls from other states or ships into the income tax trap that reared Al Capone when other methods failed.

His success in getting beer and liquor permits for his houses where the girls work in cash waitresses has not only increased profits but made it difficult for vice squad men to obtain convictions.

Customers blind with high power beer and liquor are far more susceptible to the charms of the waitresses than the barroom draws many potential customers who

would not visit an establishment where.

Other ramifications of what amounts to state aid for the white slave racket have come to light as the department of justice men hunt a trail they can follow.

Two barroom houses in East Akron have been granted private club licenses by the state and operate without inspection from the police, it was reported.

South Akron barroom, vice squad men said, better scores of "white ladies" in direct violation of provisions in the Ohio liquor control act.

Girls Recruited

The barroom girls operate on a commission basis and maintain rooms near the bar. It is from their ranks that the vice lord allegedly recruits the girls for his chain of establishments.

The chain operates two downtown hotels and a hotel in Berlin, Ohio near the Pennsylvania plant, all of which have bars, and a barroom and house near the Goodrich plant.

The building which houses the establishment near Goodrich was formerly owned by Leo Lamar, once-time corn supplier who fled to Canada to escape questioning in the anti-trust Ray Potts conspiracy case.

A city commissioner investigated this establishment when it opened and reported his findings to city officials, he said. Nothing was done on his complaint, he declared.

The vice squad recently raided two independent houses in the Kenmore district and another on S. College st. Affairs have been made at the chain's houses but the girls were paid and operations not interrupted.

31-44320-20

NO

SYMBOL

Boston Journal 123
Akron, Ohio

DATE

SEP 25

G-Men Seek To Link Akron Vice Lord To 'Slave' Ring

AN AKRON vice overlord, who screens his disorderly houses behind state licensed barrooms, is under investigation by federal agents. It was disclosed Saturday night.

Department of Justice men

would not visit an old-fashioned house because of what amounts to state aid for the whole slave racket have come to light as the designation of justice men had a trail they can follow.

Two notorious houses in East Akron have been granted private club licenses by the state and operate without supervision from the police, it was reported.

South Akron barrooms, vice squad men said, harbor scores of "steady loiterers" in direct violation of provisions of the Ohio liquor control act.

Girls recruited
The barroom girls operate on a commission basis and maintain rooms near the bar. It is from their ranks that the vice lord allegedly recruits the girls for his chain establishment.

The chain operates two downtown hotels and a club in South Akron near the Florence plant, all of which have bars and a barroom and house near the Goodrich plant.

The building which houses the establishment near Goodrich was formerly owned by Lee Ivers, one time city sugar king who fled to Canada to escape questioning in the ex-Sheriff Ray Davis conspiracy case.

City officials investigated this establishment when it opened and reported his findings to city officials, he said. Nothing was done on his complaint, he declared.

The vice squad recently raided two independent houses in the downtown district and another on College st. arrests were made made at the chain's rooms but the cases were paid and operations continued.

Customers paid with high power beer and liquor are far more susceptible to the charms of the waitresses and the barroom draws many potential customers.

Operations under the protection of a liquor control license with whose slaves posing as waitresses are proving a handicap to both federal and vice squad officers, however.

Two previous attempts by government investigators to end the vice lord's five-year reign in Akron have met defeat with the result that his chain of barroom disorderly houses is flourishing.

Indicted once by a federal grand jury in Cleveland, the vice lord was able to beat the charges. He failed a deportation attempt by suddenly producing naturalization papers.

Government action against the woman now is hampered, it was learned, due to the fact that he apparently avoids prosecution under the Mann act by recruiting his girls from the ranks of the "dependents" in Akron.

Mr. Love Customer
Federal action is possible only if the man imports his girls from another state or ships him the revenue tax trap that removed Al Capone when other methods failed.

His success in getting beer and liquor permits for the houses where the girls work in vice waitresses uniforms has not only increased profits but made it difficult for vice squad men to obtain convictions.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, N.Y.

April 6, 1939.

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

During an interview which I had with [redacted] he informed me that on one of his trips to America a year or more ago, an effort which was successful had been made by [redacted] to shake him down for a certain sum of money. [redacted] claims that these individuals approached him and told him that they knew of his past criminal record and further that it was their intention to kidnap him and throw him in the river unless he paid to them the sum of \$50,000. They stated they needed this money for LUCY INGLAND.

[redacted] claims that he did pay them approximately \$12,000 and thereafter he contacted one [redacted] who made an investigation. According to [redacted] thereafter wanted to know if he desired prosecution and he informed him that he did not as the resulting publicity would undoubtedly ruin him. [redacted] then claims to have prepared a statement in which he outlined exactly what had happened so far as the individuals named above were concerned. After this had been done he approached [redacted] and told him that he had prepared such a statement and copies of it were in his safety boxes both in America and Europe and that if anything happened to him the matter would immediately be known to the public.

At that time [redacted] told [redacted] that no one would believe any statements that he might leave and that he was friendly with many people prominent in public life. He stated that he was friendly with JOSEPH EDGAR HOOVER, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and that you ate at his table and further told [redacted] he had a photograph of you which was autographed "To My Friend," and frequently entertained you at his club which is the [redacted] claims that he paid no

RECORDED

INDEXED

67-44320-9
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
APR 10 1939
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

ONE COPY FILED IN 67-44320-9

Letter to Director
4/6/38

attention at the time to [redacted] remarks and that he personally felt that [redacted] was all right and was successful. He claims to have approached [redacted] on a number of occasions asking him why he did not sever his relations with the racketeers and at that time [redacted] told him about being born on the lower East Side of New York and having known the racketeers all of his life for which reason he could not "shake them".

The information furnished by [redacted] does not in any way indicate a violation of any Federal Statute. The violation, if any, would be of the State Laws. It is noted that [redacted] says that [redacted] has investigated the matter and that [redacted] requested that there be no prosecution. b7c

In accordance with the Bureau's instructions, I have called the facts in this matter to the attention of Mr. John T. Cahill, U. S. Attorney, Southern District of New York, telling him that I was doing so at your request.

As the State authorities are already aware of this information and as there is no indication of any Federal violation, no further action whatever is being taken by the New York Office.

Very truly yours,

[redacted]

[redacted]
Inspector.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
New York, N. Y.

O'D:PS

May 22, 1939.

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I am enclosing herein a New York "Herald Tribune" review of the recent book entitled "Ninety Times Guilty" by HIGGINS/POWELL, which, as you know, is descriptive of New York State District Attorney DENNEY'S prosecution of LUCIANO. The review in question appeared in the April 19th issue of the "Herald Tribune".

Very truly yours,

Samuel M. Bentley
SAMUEL M. BENTLEY
Special Agent in Charge

enc: 1

RECORDED & INDEXED

31-44320-10
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 23 1939
b7c

Richard Powell, in 'Ninety Times Guilty,' Describes Clean-Up of Luciano Ring

The story of the crushing of New York City's biggest vice racket, and of the legal campaign which sent the notorious Charlie (Charlie Lorty) Luciano to prison for thirty years, is told in "The Untouchables," the new book from the pen of E. J. Connelley, publisher and also associate of District Attorney THOMAS E. Dewey. Mr. Connelley's "The Untouchables" will be published today by Harcourt, Brace & Co.

Although the major event covered by the book occurred three years ago, the general clean-up of New York's affairs, announced by Justice Samuel Seabury in 1938, is certainly even now. Six weeks ago Jimmy Hines, former Tammany boss, was convicted of selling protection to the Dutch Schultz mob; racketeering. Only yesterday "Tough Jimmy" Turner was sentenced to prison for the first time for racketeering and for one-half year for Federal income tax violations.

Perhaps the most interesting part of Mr. Foster's book are those which had to be sketched or passed over altogether in the day-by-day journalistic accounts of the affair. The author has been able to tell more of the women witnesses who made possible the smothering of the racket—*who* and what they were, where they came from, and to a certain extent, how they became

The Lupton race was notable for the rare collection of "underworld" actors it included. As stated by Powell, he found it wise to start his venture off with a two-page cast of characters, and many old favorites appear—Gardner (A. Century Boy), James the Factory, Frank Jones, Crazy Mae, Little Lavin, Tommy Bull, Grand-These Charlie and Joe-Kidney.

Mr. Dewey makes a special point of the attitude adopted by District Attorney Dewey, then special narcotics prosecutor for Manhattan, in tackling the vice racket. He says:

[illegible]

"Now, it was following MacArthur he
and everyone the only person who
person work that has ever been
effective—the isolation of Bill
Lincoln who can give spirit and hope."

Of the sixty-eight witnesses heard by Mr. Dewey in prosecuting the racket leaders, forty were prostitutes and madams who told of their careers. A (left) Earl, Mr. (right) Dewey were "racket" madams. The women witnesses at first were desperately afraid of underworld reprisal, and therefore unwilling to talk. It took many sessions of questioning by Mr. Dewey's staff in their Washington Building offices, a great deal of patience and explanation before they were willing to testify.

Some West Straight

All the girls were held as material witnesses during the trial. They were fit and healthy on the so-called regime of regular living and their 32-a-day witness fees piled up.

and Mr. Powell, who were releasing
the day the girls were released.
and given them a moral lesson.
These were recommended nothing so much
the education. As at a girls' school.
Many some of them, we may be
sary, we will forth with sober reason
to lead her to her brother, and
we about getting into for them
where we find many of the others
work straight along the street to
the nearest bar get themselves
thoroughly ginned up and then
went down to the West-end bus stop
ing to try to get the boys to go
on a party. It was a tough job
get rid of them."

Nancy Farmer and Thomas Jordan appeared to be in real danger of a divorce. A witness testified that they had a bitter quarrel over the fact that Dorey asked for a divorce from the country for a while and they enjoyed a trip to England. Cotey Jo Brown, a well-known actress, was the story material in an magazine, told that she had been asked to appear to operate a gasoline station in Pomona, Calif. for a while. She dropped from sight and was a while and some time later she was appearing in their trial testimony. But Dorey was able to show that various sources had been used and had even paid money to them and the girl returned. The high court sustained the argument on their side.

One of the minor defendants, Bernice Spiller, appeared to have the best information on what had happened of the girls since the incident in June, 1936. Bernice got away two years and took a walk around town before leaving the West. According to Mr. Powell, made this report: "You know, kids are practically all back in town. But they are not the same. They are all made over."

New York Herald Tribune, April 13, 1939.

Forwarded by New York Office

31-44320-10

6-11
January
1:30 P. M.
February 11th of
1946

b7c

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

I read in the paper that Governor Dewey
pardoned Charles [redacted] who had been convicted
in New York County of compulsory prostitution of
women. I am sending a copy of the release sent
to me by Clarence E. Walcott, Assistant Counsel to
Governor Dewey.

I would like to know some of the merits of
this case. I remember that about that time, 1938,
there was a large syndicate buying and selling
girls, mostly stealing them from South America.
This fellow, Luciani, served ten years and then
was released. Can you send me a review of that
case so I can have more information? If you do
not have it, let me know where I can get it.
I would be thanking you very much. I am very
much interested and would consider it a personal
favor.

Very respectfully,
[redacted]

P

b7c

Enclosure

RECORDED 31-44-20-11
INDEXED F B I
MAR 8 1946
SE 15 217
EX. 2
[redacted] b7c

b7c

CLASSIC CRIMES

convicted in New York County of
compulsory prostitution of women
and sentenced June 18, 1935 to a
term of thirty years minimum, fifty
years maximum. He was arrested
April 4, 1934 and is now completing
his term.

Lubin is reported to Italy. He was leader of a
syndicate which supervised and gave orders relating to
the operation of a vice combine which "booked" women for
houses of prostitution and provided other services
incidental to the operation of houses of prostitution.
He has previously been convicted of the possession of
arms. He is now in prison.

Upon the entry of the United States into the war,
Lubin's activities against the United States in including
others to provide information concerning possible enemy
attacks. It appears that he cooperated in such effort
though the actual value of the information procured is
not clear.

His record in prison is reported as wholly
satisfactory.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

31-4432011

ENCLOSURE

March 1, 1946

Dear [REDACTED]

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your communication of February 22, 1946, with enclosures.

Inasmuch as the case involving "Lucky" Luciano was handled by local authorities in New York City and his release and subsequent deportation were handled by authorities other than the FBI, I am unable to furnish you with the desired information. Information in our possession pertaining to Luciano's activities in 1934 was furnished the local authorities to be used in their investigation and subsequent prosecution of him.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

attn. ASD, Reurite of 3-1-46

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED 3

MAR 1 1946

RECEIVED BY [REDACTED]
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

66 MAR 19 1946

51-44320-12

CHANGED TO

39-2141-44

9/16

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31-44300-13
CHANGED TO

39-2141-50

C

90)

31-44320-14,15

CHANGED TO

39-2141-501, 54.

1dMV.

31-44320-16,17
CHANGED TO
39-2141-57,58

C

1211 V

31-44324-18
CHANGED TO
39-6141-75

C/

September 8, 1956

MEMO

[REDACTED]

b7C

Dear Sir:

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter dated August 27, 1956, wherein you advise that if I call upon you personally you can give me concrete facts and a lead relative to the known gang operating in Los Angeles.

Please be advised that it is impossible for me to personally call upon you at this time. However, I am referring copies of your letter to Mr. J. E. Hansen, Special Agent in Charge, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, 803 Pacific Commerce Building, Los Angeles, California, to advise that he may select an Agent from his office to personally call upon you in my behalf for any information which you may have relative to violations of Federal law falling within the primary investigative jurisdiction of this Bureau.

You may be assured that you are talking to the Agent who calls upon you confidentially, and that any information furnished by you concerning violations of Federal law will be treated in confidence by this Bureau in connection with any official investigation which might appear warranted.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover,
Director.

File 15
11-13-56

[REDACTED]

b7C

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
SEP 11 1956
ROUTED TO: [REDACTED]
FILED IN: [REDACTED]
INDEXED: [REDACTED]
SERIALIZED: [REDACTED]

cc - Los Angeles with copies of incoming letter

[REDACTED]

b7C

54-404-

CHANGED TO

89-2141-X

CROSS REFERENCES

- 1) 62-81518-416
- 2) 62-75147-9-Sub A dated 3/14/47
- 3) 62-81093-9-Sub A dated 3/14/47
- 4) 65-1649-Sub A dated 3/26/47
- 5) 65-1649-1028
- 6) 62-71935-48
- 7) 71-2213-12

Society Note

By Robert C. Ruark

If somebody will fetch a looking glass I will be pleased to step through it, like Alice, for a quiet chat with the Mad Hatter.



Enark.

The calm acceptance of the nation's No. 1 character-builder for kiddies, Frank Sinatra, as an intimate companion of Lucky Luciano, the vice and narcotics tycoon, was surprising, but not so surprising as something that's going on around town now.

Princess Stefanie Hohenlohe-Waldenburg-Schillingherst is cutting quite a figure in New York society today. A statement of similar import might be that

Joachim von Ribbentrop was observed dancing last night at the Stork Club, or that Eve Braun was the house-guest of Mr. and Mrs. [redacted] in Long Island.

Mata Hari was a bum alongside of this Hohenlohe cookie, and comparatively, as a tool for the Fascists, Edda Mussolini was just a roundheeled deb who couldn't say "No". Hohenlohe was tops in her league, so good she was but recently sprung from one of our stouter spy-corralis.

But here she is, diked out like a duchess, on hand for some of the better forgotten-and-liquor parties, and sponsored by one of the oldest names in the Social Register. Unless she's moved since I called last, the Princess is holed up in the Hotel Gotham.

Hohenlohe was an intimate friend of Adolf Hitler, and before the war his most trusted female agent. Wherever there was stealing at the crossroads, there you could find the Princess, who was referred to familiarly as "Hitler's Mme. de Stael."

Hohenlohe arranged the celebrated meeting between Hitler and Lord Rothermere. She fired the party between Viscount Runciman and Konrad Henlein, the German leader in Czechoslovakia, on

the Sudeten problem, the outcome of which I remember as the brightest spark before the world explosion.

This current butterfly in New York society is the girl who influenced Hitler to send Fritz Weidemann to England as his special envoy, and who kept in close touch with Weidemann when Fritz was running espionage here.

I do not advocate that we line this charming creature up against the nearest wall and shoot her, since I am essentially a nonindictive person. But we did hang several of her cronies at Nuremberg on the strength of a similar record, and Hohenlohe is a legitimate candidate for anybody's rope if her association with the top Nazis is a yardstick.

I am also aware that 42 countries wouldn't accept her when we tried to kick her out at the beginning of the war, so we had to plant her in a concentration camp until the shooting was over. But there ought to be something we could do with the Princess except fete her at Park Avenue parties.

It might be possible to trade her off to the Russians, who undoubtedly would find her useful as an international party-girl with sharp ears. But I doubt if the Russians would take her, even if we threw in a left-handed hitting outfielder and a clear title to Greece. Stefanie has an overripe reputation as a professional Nazi and stirs up a rumpus wherever she goes. At 50, she is possibly too old to switch ideologies, no matter how essentially similar they may be.

But I am unable to understand how New York society, calloused as it is to the presence of titled tramps, can cuddle to its breast a former potent member of the top Nazi hierarchy. There is a turning point for every stomach, even if it is listed in the Blue Book.

Honestly, if Hitler hadn't killed himself, in my present wild-eyed state it wouldn't surprise me if he turned up on some beladame's arm for a concert at Carnegie Hall. Except for one thing: The little man never wore a title to get him past the butler.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/19/89 BY SP8 BSA/SCA

#279,363

Princess Stefanie Hohenlohe

INDEXED
34
62 APR 12 1947

15-1649-A
NOT RECORDED
55 APR 15 1947

CLIPPING FROM THE
N. Y. Times
DATED 3-26-47
FORWARDED BY N. Y. DIVISION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **LOS ANGELES**

MM FILE NO. **62-2674**

REPORT MADE AT MIAMI	DATE WHEN MADE 2/12/47	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 1/12, 16, 21, 23-24, 30-31/47	REPORT MADE BY [REDACTED]
TITLE BENJAMIN "BUGS" SIEGEL, with aliases			CHARACTER OF CASE MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING - CRIME SURVEY

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

[REDACTED]

Information concerning Colonial Inn and Green Acres, gambling casinos, Hallandale, Fla., and connection therewith of SEGEL, FRANK COSTELLO, MEYER LANSKY, JOE ADONIS, [REDACTED] the so-called "Big 6," set forth with data concerning others of lesser importance connected therewith.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Letter from Salt Lake City to Miami, December 2, 1946
Teletype from Salt Lake City to Director and Miami, January 7, 1947
Bureau teletype to Miami dated January 20, 1947
Teletype from Los Angeles to Miami dated January 17, 1947
Report of Special Agent [REDACTED] dated January 17, 1947 at Los Angeles, California
Letter from Miami to the Director, dated January 29, 1947
Teletype from Los Angeles to Miami and other offices dated February 4, 1947

DETAILS:

AT MIAMI, FLORIDA:

Referenced letter to the Director dated January 29, 1947, with copy to the Los Angeles and copy to Salt Lake City Field

APPROVED AND FORWARDED [Signature] SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES 62-2674-416 RECORDED & INDEXED RECEIVED-ROSEM STILL
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COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3 Bureau 2 Los Angeles (62-2837) 2 Salt Lake City (62-1130) (Info) 2 Chicago (Info) 2 Miami	

5 FEB 19 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-18-81 BY SP7 JMM/DAI

b7c
b7D

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MM 62-2674

Reference is made to the teletype from the Salt Lake City Field Division dated January 17, 1947, and to Bureau teletype dated January 20, 1947, wherein information is set out to the effect that

b7c
b7D
b7C
In this connection, [redacted] Agent in Charge of the Local Office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Professional Building, Miami, Florida, was contacted, and he advised that there is practically no way to check individuals to and from Havana if they are citizens. No passports are necessary and if a person is actually a citizen and returns to this country using an assumed name, there is no offense committed for which he could be held. [redacted] stated his office would cooperate to the fullest extent and that if photographs were furnished to him, they would be placed with the officials at the airport and steamship depots so that a lookout could be kept for SIEGEL and he could be thoroughly questioned upon arrival in this country. It was suggested by [redacted] that Customs officials could be contacted and arrangements be made to thoroughly search SIEGEL if he were discovered entering this country regardless of what name he might use. If SIEGEL comes to this area it was planned to request the Customs officials to be on the lookout for him.

b7c
Reference is made to the teletype from the Los Angeles Field Division dated January 17, 1947, and the report of Special Agent [redacted] dated at Los Angeles, California, January 17, 1947, requesting information as to the activities and contacts of [redacted]

b7c
b7D
Further reference is made to New York teletype dated January 28, 1947, setting forth background information to the effect that [redacted]

al

Capra Chicago - Ill.

Linked to Luciano

Three Name
Suspect in
Ragen Death



Associated Press WIREPHOTO
WILLIAM BLOCK.

Chicago, March 13 (U.P.)—A man identified by three witnesses as the gunman who ambushed Racing News star James M. Ragen, Jr., was named by a Federal narcotics official today as a suspect in a slaying believed to have been arranged by vice king Charles (Lucky) Luciano.

The suspect is William Block, 36, handbook employe and ex-convict, who was positively identified last night by three witnesses, including a church deacon and a newsboy, as the man who shot Ragen at a South Side intersection June 24, 1946. The identities of the witnesses were guarded to prevent gangland reprisals.

Col. George H. White, head of the narcotics division of the Treasury Department here, said Block might answer the "general description" of a gunman sought in the

slaying of Carl Carramusa, a narcotics case witness who was riddled by shotgun blasts in front of his Chicago home June 21, 1945.

White disclosed clearly that the slayings of Carramusa and Ignazio Antanori, killed at Tampa, Fla., early in 1945, had been arranged by Luciano, former New York crime head who recently arrived in Cuba from Italy and now awaits deportation.

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Jones
- Mr. Leonard
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

#2

Re: General
Crime
Survey.

(wire has been
sent Chicago for
details)

File
"Capra"

INDEXED
215

162-81093-9-A
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63 APR 12 1947

WASHINGTON POST
DATE 3-14-47 EX-20

Deacon and Newsboy Name Bookie As Slayer of Ragen

Two Guarded From Gangland Reprisals

CHICAGO, March 13 (UP)—A church deacon and a newsboy "put the finger" on a bookie today and positively identified him as the man who shot James M. Ragen sr., czar of the nation's racing information service.

Ragen was shot at a busy street intersection June 24, 1946, and died August 14.

Identities Kept Secret

The deacon and the newsboys, whose identities are being closely guarded to prevent gangland reprisals, viewed a police show-up of nine persons and identified William Block, 36, as the man who leaned from the rear of an armored pickup truck and shot Ragen as he halted his automobile for a stop light.

Police said the churchman and the newsstand attendant were "positive" in their identification, and said the newsboy had to duck back out of the line of fire when Ragen's assailant poked a 12-gauge shotgun from the truck.

"I got a clear view of the man, and I couldn't be mistaken," the newsboy said.

Victim Links Capone

Ragen had told police several weeks before the shooting that members of the syndicate were attempting to kill him, and claimed that the late Al Capone, then ill at Miami, was leading an outfit to take over his racing news service.

Police identified Block as an employee of a racing handbook and an ex-convict whose criminal record dates back to 1928 and a conviction for stealing coins from pay telephones.

He was included in the police show-up after park policeman who saw Block throw a package into the Douglas Parkagoon became suspicious of Block's story. Block,



WILLIAM BLOCK

when questioned by the patrolman, said he had thrown away one of his daughter's toys which was broken and which might have cut her.

The policeman noted Block's license number and returned to his station for a pair of rubber hip boots which he wore to wade into the lagoon to recover the parcel.

The wrapped package contained the barrel of a 12-gauge shotgun. A 12-gauge shotgun used in the shooting was found in the pickup truck, the back end of which had been reinforced with sheet steel and camouflaged with fruit baskets, but the barrel had not been sawed off.

Block admitted that he threw the package in the lake but would not say on whom it was aimed. A writ of habeas corpus for his release was made returnable late this afternoon.

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Jones _____
Mr. Leonard _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

#2
b7c
Re General
Crime
Survey.

file

CRIME CONDITIONS - SURVEY
CHICAGO, ILL.

INDEXED 55
EX-72
100-75147-9-A
NOT RECORDED
APR 3 1947

50 APR 9 1947

WASHINGTON TIMES HERALD
DATE 3/14/47

3-14-47



New York Society Cuddles Hitler's Top Woman Agent

By ROBERT C. RUARK Scripps-Howard Staff Writer

NEW YORK, March 26 — If somebody will fetch a looking-glass I will be pleased to step thru it, like Alice, for a quiet little chat with the Mad Hatter.

The calm acceptance of the nation's No. 1 character-builder for kiddies, Frank Sinatra, as an intimate companion of Lucky Luciano, vice and narcotics tycoon, was surprising, but not so surprising as something that's going on around town now.

Princess Stefanie Hohenlohe Waldenburg Schillingsstuerst is cutting quite a figure in New York society today. A statement of similar import might be that Joachim von Ribbentrop was observed dancing last night at the Stork Club, or Eva Braun was the house-guest of Mr. and Mrs. Bignami on Long Island.

MATA HARI was a bum alongside of this Hohenlohe cookie, and comparatively, as a tool for the Fascists, Edda Mussolini was just a round heeled debutante who couldn't say "no." Hohenlohe was tops in her league, so good she is but recently sprung from one of our best-kept spy-corralles.

But here she is, diked out like a duchess, on hand for some of the better lorgnette-and-liquor parties, and sponsored by one of the oldest names in the social register. Unless she's moved since I called last, the Princess is holed up in Hotel Gotham, which evidently has a stronger stomach than the 42 countries who denied Steffi the right to enter.

Hohenlohe was an intimate friend of Hitler's, and before the war his most trusted female agent, referred to familiarly as "Hitler's Mme. de Staël."

Hohenlohe arranged the celebrated meeting between Hitler and Lord Rothermere. She fixed the parley between Viscount Runciman and Konrad Heide, German leader in Czechoslovakia, on the Sudeten problem, the outcome of which I seem to remember as the brightest

spark before the world explosion.

I DO not advocate that we line this charming creature up against the nearest wall and shoot her, since I am essentially a non-vindictive person. But we did hang considerable of her cronies at Nuernberg on the strength of a similar record, and Hohenlohe is a legitimate candidate for anybody's rope if her association with the top Nazis is a yardstick.

I am also aware that 42 countries wouldn't accept her when we tried to kick her out at the beginning of the war, so we had to plant her in a concentration camp until the shooting was over. But there ought to be something we could do with the Princess except fete her at Park-av parties.

It might be possible to trade her off to the Russians, who undoubtedly would find her useful as an international party-girl with sharp ears. But I doubt if the Russians would take her, even if we threw in a left-handed outfielder and a clear title to Greece. Stefanie has an over ripe reputation as a professional Nazi and stirs up a rumpus wherever she goes. At 50, she is possibly too old to switch ideologies, no matter how similar they are.

But I am unable to understand how New York society, calloused as it is to the presence of titled tramps, can huddle to its breast a former potent member of the top Nazi hierarchy.

Honestly, if Hitler hadn't killed himself, in my present wild-eyed state it wouldn't surprise me if he turned up on some beldame's arm for a concert at Carnegie Hall. Except for one thing: The little man was a little to get him past the butcher.

This is a clipping from
page 31 of the

Washington Daily News
3/26/47

Clipped at the Seat of
Government.

b7c

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET3

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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62-71935-48 p 1, 4, 5

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 X FOR THIS PAGE X
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Date: February 27, 1947

INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF LOTTERY TICKETS



PURPOSE

To advise of an interstate lottery which operated under the auspices of the Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania 40 and 6 Club of the American Legion but

b7c b7D

DETAILS

The Wilkes-Barre Leader in its February 21 issue ran a story about a huge lottery operated out of Wilkes-Barre under the auspices of the 40 and 6 Club.

ATTENTION AND INVESTIGATION TO THIS

has been identified, because it advertises publicly in the past it was acknowledged at the drawing on February 27 that the lottery was operating operations.

15 MAR 5 1947

71 2013-12

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

[REDACTED]

IDENTITIES OF PRINCIPALS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

INTEREST OF POST OFFICE AUTHORITIES IN THIS CASE

Postal inspectors started to make preliminary inquiries in this case but discontinued after ascertaining that the Bureau was conducting an active investigation.

RECOMMENDATION

Vigorous attention will be given to this case

[REDACTED]